# **OVERVIEW** of the Daf

1) **MISHNAH:** The Mishnah cites further examples of partial declarations.

### 2) "Like the vows of the wicked"

The Mishnah's ruling that a person who declares, "Like the vows of the wicked," has made a valid vow is challenged.

Shmuel explains that the Mishnah refers to the case where the person added an additional phrase to his vow and each phrase will produce a different result.

The different examples cited by Shmuel are clarified.

### 3) Nedarim and Nedavos

The Gemara wonders who is our Tanna who distinguishes between nedarim and nedavos since the Mishnah does not seem to follow R' Meir or R' Yehudah cited in a Baraisa.

The Gemara demonstrates how the Mishnah could be consistent with R' Meir.

This assertion is unsuccessfully challenged.

The difference between a neder and nedavah is questioned.

Hillel's practice is cited as a nedavah that is laudable.

A Baraisa recounts an incident in which R' Shimon discusses eating from the asham of a nazir who became tamei. This incident is recorded as an example of a positive nezirus nedavah.

The reason R' Shimon refrained from eating a nazir's asham rather than ashamim in general is explained.

The suggested distinction is unsuccessfully challenged. ■

## **REVIEW** and Remember

- 1. Why does the phrase כנדרי רשעים create a binding vow?
- 2. What is the dispute between R' Meir and R' Yehudah concerning making vows?
- 3. How did Hillel the Elder assure that me'ilah would not be committed with his animal?
- 4. What were the circumstances that led Shimon HaTzadik to eat the Korban Asham of a Nazir who became tamei?

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### Distinctive INSIGHT

Do the upstanding (כשרים) ever utter oaths?

כנדרי כשרים לא אמר כלום

he Shita Mikubetzes writes in the name of רנב", that upstanding persons are those who are God-fearing and are therefore careful that no mishaps or misdeeds come about to themselves or to others. They do not accept upon themselves a commitment of nazir, because this condition demands that a person conduct himself with great care and avoid situations which are difficult to maintain. They also do not make declarations for tzeddakah or to bring offerings, whether from a personal perspective ("I will bring this animal...") nor in terms of the object ("This animal will be brought as an offering."). This honorable person is cautious not to declare promises that might not be fulfilled. When he wants to give tzeddakah or to offer a קרבן, he gives it without any prior statements announcing his intent. He is also careful not to pronounce an oath.

Therefore, when anyone says he will honor an oath "according to the manner of the כשרים," in effect, he has declared that the oath is void, as the כשרים do not make these type of statements.

Rambam writes (Hilchos Nedarim 1:26) that upstanding individuals do not take oaths to prohibit things or out of anger. Lechem Mishnah explains that Rambam means to say that a כשר will utter an oath when his intent is to focus his actions (for a mitzvah) or in order to correct his ways, as in these situations an oath can be constructive and helpful.

Rashba cites the Midrash (Bereshis 70:1) which teaches that if a person finds himself in a crisis, he should pronounce an oath, as Yaakov Avinu did when he was about to sojourn in the house of Lavan. Why, then, does our Mishnah tell us that בשרים never utter oaths?

Rashba answers that Yaakov's oath was not a formal acceptance of a vow, but rather an expression of thanks and appreciation. Yaakov expressed his trust and confidence that

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Kissing a Rebbi in shul

מיד עמדתי ונשקתיו על ראשו

I immediately stood and kissed him on his head

Lema<sup>1</sup> rules that it is prohibited for a man to kiss his young children in shul. The reasoning behind this restriction is to instill in one's heart that there is no love that compares to the love one is to have for Hashem. Rav Moshe Feinstein<sup>2</sup> suggested an interesting interpretation of this halacha. Ray Feinstein maintains that the restriction against kissing a child kiss a child in shul if it is not during tefilah. To prove his point he notes that Rema cites this halacha in the section of to halachos of shul. He also cites our Gemara as proof to this lated specifically to the place, whether the Beis Hamikdash or place dedicated to the honor of Hashem. ■ a Beis Haknesses, but rather it is related to what is happening in that place.

Teshuvas Beis Yisroel<sup>3</sup> questions the practice found in some communities of students kissing their Rebbi in shul (Insight. Continued from page 1)

Hashem would protect him and return him safely to Eretz

Tosafos in Chullin (ב: ד"ה אבל) writes that it is laudable to make an oath in a time of crisis. העמק שאילה explains that when a person finds himself in a predicament, he can add to his merits by promising to do a mitzvah. Otherwise, if a person is able to do the mitzvah immediately, a verbal promise is usually avoided by a כשר. ■

since it seems inconsistent with Rema's ruling. He suggests that there is a distinction between a kiss of honor and a kiss of love. The restriction of the Rema is limited to cases where the in shul only applies during davening, but it is permitted to kiss demonstrates love but if the kiss is to show honor, especially from a child to a parent or a student to a teacher, it is permitted because such a kiss does not contradict the love one laws related to davening rather than in the section that relates has for Hashem. Using a similar approach, Rav Yosef Chaim of Baghdad<sup>4</sup>, the Ben Ish Chai, discusses the practice of kissassertion. The Gemara relates that Shimon Hatzadik became ing the hand of others after they are called to the Torah. He so excited when he spoke with one particular nazir that he distinguishes between those people one is obligated to honor stood up and kissed him on the head. It is clear that the inci- and those that one is not obligated to honor. It is permitted dent took place in the Beis Hamikdash, which serves as the to kiss the hand of those one is obligated to honor since honmodel for the halachos related to the sanctity of a Beis oring those people also gives honor to Hashem but it is pro-Haknesses and Shimon Hatzadik still felt comfortable kissing hibited to kiss the hands of people one is not obligated to him there. This clearly indicates that the restriction is not re- honor since it is inappropriate to give honor to others in a

- 'רמ"א או"ח סי צ"ח סע א
- מובא דבריו בספר ברכת חנוד סי' ג'
- שו"ת בית ישראל (לאנדא) ח"א סי' ט'
- בן איש חי ש"ר פרשת ויקרא סע' י"א ■

The Nazir's resolve

העבודה שאגלך לשמים

av Doniel Movshovitz, Hy"d, the Rosh Talmid Torah of Kelm, would give very powerful shmuessen. His words would literally pierce the heart of his listeners and inspired them to strive to reach great spiritual heights. Rav Simcha Zissel Broide, zt"l, the Rosh Yeshivah of Chevron, would repeat one particular lesson virtually every year. This was not a simple lecture. It had made a very powerful impression on him during his younger years that lasted his entire life.

Rav Broide would recount, "The Ge-

luxuriant hair and asked him what had had always enjoyed as a child. Seeing mit to shave his hair at the end of his him much pleasure, but those feelings period of nezirus? The man responded would never impel him to lower himself that he was once walking along and no- into the mud and play with them. Why ticed his handsome reflection in a pool not? Because romping in the mud would make him feel pride in his comeliness. unthinkable. So too, our nazir did not is not really yours, housed in a body that vice of Hashem. It was this razor-sharp Ha'avodah! I will cut you off for the sake life and his iron resolve to remove it that of Heaven!'

Rav Broide continued, "Now, what go to any lengths to prevent failure!" ■

mara in Nedarim 9b relates that Rav made this nazir so much greater than so Shimon HaTzaddik never ate from the many others? Ray Doniel compared this asham of a defiled nazir except on one to a king who saw a bunch of children particular occasion. He saw a Nazir with playing a certain game which the king caused him to become a nazir and com- them made him feel nostalgic and gave of water. Immediately, his yetzer tried to be completely below him! It would be He said to his yetzer, 'Wicked one! Why hesitate for a second to remove the obshould you be happy with a world which ject of pride that could impede his seris destined to be devoured by worms? sensitivity to any threat to his spiritual set him apart from all others. He would

