OVERVIEW of the Daf

1) The procedure for accepting converts (cont.)

Rava presents the source for R' Shimon ben Elazar's position, namely, that a freed slave does not have to formally accept mitzvos at the time of his immersion.

The response of Rabanan to this source is presented.

R' Pappa challenges the assertion that we can derive the halacha of converting a non-Jewish slave from the case of the "beautiful captive" - ממת תואר and concludes that a freed slave does not require a formal acceptance of the mitzvos.

2) The "beautiful captive" - יפת תואר

A Baraisa presents a dispute between R' Eliezer and R' Akiva whether the "beautiful captive's" nails must be grown or cut.

Each Tanna presents a proof to his position.

Two additional disputes related to the "beautiful captive" are presented.

3) An uncircumcised slave

R' Yishmael and R' Akiva dispute whether one is permitted to retain an uncircumcised slave.

In their discussion it emerges that the phrase אמתך refers to an uncircumcised slave. The Gemara demonstrates the source of this assertion.

R' Yehoshua ben Levi issues a ruling related to how long one may keep an uncircumcised slave.

It was initially thought that this teaching was not compatible with R' Akiva's ruling that one is not permitted to retain a slave that is uncircumcised, but R' Pappa demonstrates how it is consistent with R' Akiva.

R' Pappa's explanation is unsuccessfully challenged. Ravin, in the name of R' Ilai, reports that if someone bought a slave on condition that he would not be circumcised, the owner is permitted to keep possession of him.

R' Pappa explains how this ruling is consistent with R' Akiva.

R' Kahanah defends R' Pappa's explanation from a challenge posed by R' Zevid of Nehardea.

A related incident is recorded together with a relevant Baraisa.

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Distinctive INSIGHT

Trusting in Hashem

אמר ר' אבהו ואתימא ר' חנינא מאי קראה? "ישלם ה' פעלך ותהי משרכתך שלמה מעם ה' אלקי ישראל אשר באת לחסות תחת כנפיו

Boaz complimented Rus for her eager interest in becoming a convert. In the verse (Rus 2:12), Boaz uses the word הלחסות—to seek shelter—in describing Rus's entry to the wings of the Shechina. In Hebrew, there are two different words that are used to describe one who trusts or has confidence. These are מוסה and חוסה is the term used when a promise has been made, and the person to whom the promise was made trusts that the commitment will be fulfilled. On the other hand, a חוסה is someone who has confidence in something although it has not been promised to him, because he knows that the provider has the ability to grant his needs. As the verse in Tehillim states (118:6): "מבטח באדם - it is better to have confidence in Hashem" - even when He has not explicitly promised—מבטח באדם - thank it is to trust in man" - even if he promises.

The Jewish people have been blessed with many promises and assurances which guarantee our survival. We are accordingly referred to as בוטחים as we trust in these prophesies and their certain fulfillment. As a convert comes to join our ranks as a member of the Jewish nation, he is not coming to be the recipient of any specific reward which was promised to him. Yet as he willfully enters into a life of Torah, he is volunteering to be protected by the divine promises which were issued to us, the Jews. This is why Boaz declared that Rus was especially deserving of blessing, as he proclaimed, "May Hashem repay that which you have earned...in that you have come to develop confidence under the wing of Hashem." ■

REVIEW and Remember

- 1. What is the source that a document of freedom is unnecessary to free a slave according to Shmuel?
- 2. What is done to the hair of the יפת תואר?
- 3. For how long is one permitted to retain an uncircumcised slave?
- 4. What are the four reasons converts suffer?

HALACHAH Highlight

A convert davening for the well-being of his biological par-

גר שנתגייר כקטן שנולד דמי

A person who converts is like a newborn child

permitted and even appropriate to daven for their biological parents who are ill. Rav Ovadiah Yosef 1 writes that at first cordingly, a convert does not Biblically inherit his biological glance it would seem that it is prohibited based on the ruling in Shulchan Aruch² that prohibits administering medisome instances we do find that the convert retains a conneccal treatment to idolaters unless it is a circumstance where tion with his biological parents. One example is that somerefraining from assisting will generate animosity. After ex- one who converts who had children before his conversion is amining the opinions of different Poskim concerning which credited with the mitzvah of פרו ורבו if the children also religions are considered idolatry, Rav Yosef writes that it is convert4. Another example is that converts are not permitlogical that the restriction of this halacha is limited to actual ted to curse their biological parents⁵. In conclusion, not ontreatment but does not restrict a Jew from davening for the ly is it permitted for a convert to daven for the health of his well-being of an idolater since ultimately Hashem will do biological parents but it may even constitute a mitzvah since what He sees fit. Therefore, it is permitted and even appro- it was through the action of the biological parents that the priate if the non-Jew asked that a Jew should daven on his convert was born and eventually had the opportunity to behalf since it shows recognition of the power of Hashem. convert and enter into the covenant and earn eternal life. ■ He then proceeds to cite several instances in which Poskim permitted davening for the health of a non-Jew. Therefore, it seems that not only is it permitted for a convert to daven for the health of his biological parent but it may even be an obligation as an expression of appreciation for the person

(Overview. Continued from page 1)

4) Converts

A Baraisa presents four suggestions to explain why converts endure suffering.

A verse is cited that supports the fourth explanation. \blacksquare

who brought the convert into this world.

Rav Yosef challenges his assertion from our Gemara common question asked by converts is whether it is that states that a person who converts is considered like a new-born, totally detached from his biological family. Acfather's estate upon the death of his father³. Nevertheless, in

- 1. שו"ת יחוה דעת ח"ו סי' ס'
- שו"ע יו"ד סי' קנ"ח סע' א'
 - ע' גמ' קידושין יז
- 'טו"ע אה"ע סי א' סע' ז
- שו"ע יו"ד סי' רמ"א סע' ד'

STORIES O

The newborn baby

גר שנתגייר קקטו שנולד דמי

haim had come late to shul once again and was feeling discouraged. The minyan near his house was very early and he didn't have a car. After the davening, he decided to speak his heart out to an young married man who was learning with a very inspiring melody. Somehow he felt that the man would understand.

"Here I am late again!" Chaim sighed. "I feel so broken. Maybe you have some encouragement to share?"

The young man said, "In Yevamos

born. The Likutei Halachos learns a learn the preciousness of one who very powerfully encouraging lesson keeps trying to be a good Jew and do from this. A convert has to sincerely the right thing even if he sometimes want to be-come a Jew and immerse in fails. Surely he is much more of a newthe mikveh. A male convert must also born than a convert since he has conbecome circumcised. After going tinued to yearn to move forward many through these processes, the convert is hundreds of times! like a newborn baby. But have they vert. We must be assured of the purity from Above that we need."■

48b we see that a convert is like a new- of his intentions. From this we can

The young man continued, "We come to some sort of perfection can also learn this from teshuvah. Even through this process? Does immersion if one regrets his sins and wishes to imor circumcision automatically erase prove on the last day of his life, his retheir character defects? Not by a long pentance is accepted. How much more shot! Even so, the fact that they have precious is one who does teshuvah acted on a genuine desire to become many hundreds of times! And one who Jewish is transformative. Although this repents every day is even more laudadesire alone is not enough, one who ble. The main thing is to keep yearning doesn't have it is not accepted as a con- to be better until we merit the help

